

# GBRCN - AN INFRASTRUCTURE TO PROVIDE THE DRIVE FOR INNOVATION

D. Fritze, Session 11 From Culture Collections to Biological Resource Centres, ICCC-12, Florianopolis, Brazil

SPONSORED BY THE



Copyright GBRCN Demonstration Project ©

## WHY DO WE NEED A GBRCN ?



The necessary increase in cooperative research and joint development based on living biological material

triggers and demands

**increased global exchange** of living biological material

### increased coordinated/ harmonised processes for

- **safety** (im-, export, transport, who is entitled to work with which material)
- security (unauthorized access to material and data)
- legitimacy (meeting the requirements of CBD)
- quality of material + data (comparability under QM aspects)
- **stability, purity, authenticity, performance** of the material (comparability under scientific and systematic aspects)





SPONSORED BY THE



## HARNESSING THE LATENT VALUE OF BIODIVERSITY



Biological resources, such as microorganisms and their derivatives, are the essential raw material for the advancement of biotechnology

However, scientific progress and the resulting growth of the knowledge-based bioeconomy will depend from

- > the facilitated and safe access to *ex-situ* held living biological material
- adequate and comparable quality world-wide
- > and will require coordinated policy actions put in place by governments

2008 patent applications per origin and technologies

http://www.epo.org/topics/issues/biotechnology.html





Biotechnology Patents rank among the ten largest technical fields in term of patent applications with the EPO; 8th place in USA

## MICROORGANISMS CONSTITUTE A RICH INNOVATIVE SOURCE FOR BIOTECHNOLOGY



WHITE = industrial applications; processing and production of chemicals, materials, energy; or GREY = environmental applications; sustainable technological solutions to protect environment, classical fermentations

BLUE = applications from marine organisms

## MICROORGANISMS

GREEN = agri – food applications, e.g. improvement of plant breeding techniques, development of GM crops and plants, domestication of wild plant candidates RED = pharmaceutical, medical applications; e.g. regenerative medicine, gene therapy, new drugs; disease or population driven

➢interacting with other living forms in ways that we are only beginning to understand



## PAN-EUROPEAN RESEARCH INFRASTRUCTURES BRING A NEW DIMENSION INTO LIFE SCIENCES RESEARCH





## INNOVATION IMPETUS OF THE GBRCN PLATFORM



- (1) for academic and industrial users
- (2) for governments

(3) collections

(1) Through the GBRCN Platform advantages can be harnessed for academic and industrial users:

- find solution to replace the one-to-one bilateral agreements to (more) generally applicable agreements
- > opening better access to ex-situ material
- gaining better understanding to access in-situ material through innovative isolation and cultivation techniques
- opening better access to biodiversity data through global interoperability

#### INNOVATION IMPETUS OF THE GBRCN PLATFORM



(2) Through the GBRCN platform innovative support can be provided **for governments**:

- to help to fulfil their responsibilities in global challenges such as biosecurity and ABS
- to help to avoid waste of time and resources by building up global cooperation, to enable consultations and joint plannings – helping to avoid unnecessary duplication
- to help them implement the OECD BP Guidelines, which is an expectation of OECD
- > as a broker to foster national, regional and global research in biodiversity

### INNOVATION IMPETUS OF THE GBRCN PLATFORM



(3) Through the GBRCN Platform an innovation drive can be implemented **for collections** to improve:

- ➤ their scientific, taxonomic and technical abilities
- material deposit and material supply
- acquisition and provision of data
- > authentication and identification of material
- react to political challenges, e.g. biosecurity
- their ability to add value to the material



#### INNOVATIVE INFORMATION RESOURCE FOR MINING AND FURTHER INTERPRETATION





### DYNAMIC LINKAGE OF DATA AS SCIENCE PROGESSES -MOUNTAINEOUS LANDSCAPES OF INFORMATION







